# SINDHI COLLEGE Bridge Course Time Table Department of Mathematics 2022-2023

Date: May 3<sup>rd</sup> to May 30<sup>th</sup>

Day\Class Timings	B.Com	BBA
Monday	2:00-3:00	2:00-3:00
Tuesday	2:00-3:00	2:00-3:00
Wednesday	2:00 - 3:00	2:00-3:00
Thursday	2:00 - 3:00	2:00-3:00
Friday	2:00 - 3:00	2:00-3:00

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Shahi Golden Sakel, Kampapan, His

# SINDHI COLLEGE Bridge Course Syllabus Department of Mathematics BBA 2022- 2023

#### **Module 1: Theory of Equations**

4Hrs

Definition of equation, Solving problems on single variable and two variables. Quadratic equations, simple problems.

Module 2: Matrices

3Hrs

Definition of matrix, types of matrices, Algebra of matrices, Scalar multiplication of matrices, Addition of matrices and Multiplication of matrices.

#### Module 3: Commercial Arithmetic

3Hrs

Definition of Interest, Simple Interest & Compound Interest, Problems.

#### Module 4: Progression:

2Hrs

Arithmetic Progression: Definition, finding problems on nth term of an AP & sum to n terms of an AP.

Geometric Progression: Definition, finding problems on nth term of an GP & sum to n terms of an GP

Means of AP & GP problems.

HOD

Head of the Department of Mathed Stadai Cellega 33/28, Kempapura, Habitai

#### SINDHI COLLEGE

# **Bridge Course Attendance Department of Mathematics**

2022- 2023

Class: BBA

Sl.No	Nome of the Ctudent		1.7			T		T			1 n n -
51.110	Name of the Student	3/5	3/5	5/5	8/5	9/5	10/5	1/3	12/	15/5	16/5
1	R Proveen	t	2	3	3	<b>)</b> -t	2	6	17	E	9
2	Proshowsh Mishra	1	1	2	3	H	5	G	r-(	8	8
3	Sholini M	1	2_	3	A	VA	Α-	pA-	μ4-	A,	A
4	Syed Mujtaba Navy	1	2_	2	3	1-e	2	6	~	8	8
5	Sovrika T	l	2	3	<b>ો</b> -દ	5	6	$\neg$	R	9	UD
6	Madherrethas	*	1	2_	2	3	He	ζ	G	7	8
7	Fugael AhrnedR	l	1	2_	2	3	H	2	G	,-(	R
8	Subham Suther	1	2	3)	4	3	6	~	包	9	4
9	Solrabel Hussan				i	2	3	H	2	6	17
10	Chothan Sharma	1	2_	3	H	5	5	ķ,	٦	8	0
11	Abhinand Sk	ι	2_	3	Ŀį	5	G	6	G	,-(	8
12	Osporon Atdalla			1	2_	3	1-6	5	6	6	1
13	Yogesh K Tangel	Ţ	2_	.3	H	5	G	,(	8	0	10
14	Rekshith Thorna	1	1	2	3	Ιţ	ζ	G	(	8	R
15	Vicky A Shele	(	2_	3	$I_{i}$	5	6	6	-(	8	a
16	Neighber Seinha			1	2	3	H	Ľ	6	-(	₹ .
17	Mohammed Rabbi	į	2	3	3	4	2	b		8	c <sub>j</sub>
18	Metheen Yordows.	i	2	13)		2	6	$\neg$	8	9	lo
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Faculty Signature

HOD

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# DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT BRIDGE COURSE SYLLABUS BBA (REGULAR AND AVIATION) 2022-23 (ODD SEM)

#### **FUNDAMENTALS OF ACCOUNTING**

#### **Introduction to Accounting (3 Hrs)**

Meaning of accounting, basic terminologies like transactions, capital, assets, liabilities, debtors, creditors, purchase, sales, purchase returns, sales returns.

Meaning Of GGAP- Accounting Concepts and Conventions, Accounting Standards, Single Entry System and Double Entry System.

#### **Accounting Process (2 Hrs)**

Process of Accounting-Kinds of Accounting-Rules of Accounting-Journal-Ledger-Trial Balance

#### **Subsidiary Book (3 Hrs)**

Meaning- Advantages-Types of subsidiary books-Purchase books-Sales bookpurchase return book-sales return book-bills receivables-Bills Payable-simple cash book

#### Final Accounts(2Hrs)

Preparation of trading, profit and loss accounts and balance sheet



#### SINDHI COLLEGE

# DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT BRIDGE COURSE TIMETABLE-2022-23(ODD SEM) 06<sup>th</sup> SEP TO 12<sup>th</sup> SEP 2022

DAY/TIME	3:00-4:00
MONDAY	FA-
TUESDAY	FA
WEDNESDAY	FA
THURSDAY	FA
FRIDAY	FA

Head of the Department of Management
Sindhi College
33/2B, Kempapura, Hebbal
Bangalore - 560 024.

#### SINDHI COLLEGE **DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT**

#### **BRIDGE COURSE ATTENANCE 2022-23(ODD SEM)**

SI No	Name of the Student	49	7/9	10/9	11/9	18/9		T	1	
01	Vishu Vaneho	9/	2	3	14	5/7				
08	Bhaskas M	,	2	3	3	Cla				
0.3	Nidho .	/	29	3	11	,—				
			9	.3	4			<b>-</b>	<u> </u>	
04	Shikha Ketan Shah		08		4	4		-	-	
05	D-Hifza Azestha		2	3	4			-		
06	Callibration		09	3	4	5				
04	Allob Rutton		Q	3	4					
OB	Mulapala Kaetlill	1	00	3	U	0	1			
09	Suit 15.P	1	9	3	3'	CL				
10'	Nuthour Kumalos	)	29	3	U	1	u 1			
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Head of the Department of Management

Sindhi College

33/2B, Kempapura, Hebbal

Bangalore - 560 024.

### SINDHI COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT

**BRIDGE COURSE ATTENANCE 2022-23(ODD SEM)** 

Sl.No.	Name of the Student	6/9	7/9	8/9	9/9	10/10	12/10			140
1	Penmethea Satha Chethan Reddy to	1	2	3	u	5	6			
2	Chethan Reddika	l	1	2	3	u	5			
.2	prosad L	0	1	2	3	u	5			2.0
4	Bonna Siva bum	rt	2	3	4	5	6			
5	Ayuli kumar	-1	2	3	3	4	5			
6	Hymanely	1	2	.3	u	5	6			
7	Amon Single	0	1	2	3	4	4			
8	Villa Shooma	. 1	2	3	3	u	5			
9	Vilhwell pa	1	2		u	5	6			
10	Vicky Shete	1	2	3	u	4	5			
u	Village veer	t	2	3	3	u	5		V - 11 p	
12	yoguh	1	2	3	a	3	5	at the state of		
13	Dedroutive	U	2	3	u	5	6			
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Head of the Department of Management Sindhi College 33/2B, Kempapura, Hebbal Bangalore - 560 024.

### BRIDGE COURSE CONTENTS

- 1. INTRODUCTION
- 2. EVOLUTION OF COMPUTERS
- 3. GENERATIONS OF COMPUTERS
  - 3.1 FIRST GENERATION
  - 3.2 SECOND GENERATION
  - 3.3 THIRD GENERATION
  - 3.4 FOURTH GENERATION
  - 3.5 FIFTH GENERATION
- 4. CHARACTERISTICS OF COMPUTER
- 5. APPLICATIONS OF COMPUTER
- 6. COMPUTER ORGANIZATION
  - 6.1 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF COMPUTER
  - 6.2 COMPUTER MEMORY
  - 6.3 INPUT DEVICES
  - 6.4 OUTPUT DEVICES

#### 7. COMPUTER HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE

- 7.1 TYPES OF SOFTWARE
- 7.2 OPERATING SYSTEM
- 7.3 MS-WINDOWS





#### CIRCULAR

Date:7-9-2022

BRIDGE COURSEfor non-computer students will be held from 12 to 20th September 2022 between 2.00 pm to 3.00 pm. The list of students is as follows:

SI.No.	Student Name	
1	Ameena	
2	Darshan	
3	Jayanth.K.R	
4	Shreesha.M	
5	Akash Gaonkar	
6	Aastha Nahak	
7	Pristin Varghese	
8	A.Anusri	
9	Niranjan.G.K	
10	Gangothri	
11	Manoj.A	
12	Kaira Venu	
13	Nithin.K	
14	B.R.Lohith Raj	

SI.No.	Student Name
15	Padamathi K Sanjana
16	Digavinti Bhaskar
17	Marriboyani Kalyan
18	Bhavana K
19	MD. Raiyan Hussain
20	Sadiya Siddiqa
21	Yashaswini G
22	Soni Kumari S
23	Bharath A N
24	Asfiya Ajaz
25	Charan Teja
26	R C Dhanoosh
27	Akshaya G
28	Mohan K M

HODHead of the Department of Computer Science
Dept Sinskir/College
No. 33/2B, Hebbal, Kempapura
Bengalury - 560 024.



### SCHEDULE FOR BRIDGE COURSE 2022-2023

Time	2-3
Date	
12/09/23	THEORY
13/09/23	THEORY
14/09/23	THEORY
15/09/23	PPT / VIDEO LECTURE
19/09/23	THEORY/REVISION
20/09/23	TEST (2-3)

HEAD the Department of Computer Science
BCAS Perfit College
No. 33/2B, Hebbal, Kempapura
Bengaluru - 560 024.



### ATTENDANCE FOR BRIDGE COURSE -2022

#### **BATCH 2022**

SI.No.	Student Name	12/9	13/9	14/9	15/9	19/9	20/9
1	Ameena	1	2	3	4	4	5
2	Darshan	b	1	2	3	1.	1 1
3	Jayanth.K.R		2	3	3	1	
4	Shreesha.M		2	3	4	7	1
5	Akash Gaonkar	- 34	2	3	1.	5	6
6	Aastha Nahak		9	3	14	5	6
7	Pristin Varghese		2	3	7	~	5
8	A.Anusri		1	2	3	Le	~
9	Niranjan.G.K		7	3	4	5	4
10	Gangothri	1	2	3	Lp	5	2
11	Manoj.A	1	2	3	اء	5	1
12	Kaira Venu		2	2	7	14	~
13	Nithin.K	1	2	3	3	4	5
14	B.R.Lohith Raj	1	2		يا	5-	2
15	Padamathi K Sanjana		3	33	1,	-	6
16	Digavinti Bhaskar	1	2	3	1.	9	ſ
17	Marriboyani Kalyan	1	2	3	3	1.	~
18	Bhavana K		9	3	H	5	6
19	MD. Raiyan Hussain	1	2	3		9	8
20	Sadiya Siddiqa	1	1	2	3	1.	0
21	Yashaswini G		2	3	4	e-	-
22	Soni Kumari S		2	3	1	5	6
23	Bharath A N	1	2	3	3	) .	~
24	Asfiya Ajaz		3	3	1.	-	2
25	Charan Teja		2	3	1.	0	0
26	R C Dhanoosh	ì	2	3	2	10	2
27	Akshaya G		2	3	4	0	2
28	Mohan K M	1	2	3	7	3	6

Radbil

Head of the Department of Computer Science Singhi College No. 33/2B, Hebbal, Kempapura Bengaluru - 560 024.



## TEST RESULTS FOR BRIDGE COURSE 2022

**BATCH 2022** 

SI.No.	Student Name	Total Marks (20)
1	Ameena	19
2	Darshan	11
3	Jayanth.K.R	19
4	Shreesha.M	15
5	Akash Gaonkar	20
6	Aastha Nahak	20
7	Pristin Varghese	19
8	A.Anusri	19
9	Niranjan.G.K	11
10	Gangothri	19
11	Manoj.A	18
12	Kaira Venu	18
13	Nithin.K	15
14	B.R.Lohith Raj	18
15	Padamathi K Sanjana	19
16	Digavinti Bhaskar	18
17	Marriboyani Kalyan	18
18	Bhavana K	15
19	MD. Raiyan Hussain	18
20	Sadiya Siddiqa	15
21	Yashaswini G	20
22	Soni Kumari S	16
23	Bharath A N	17
24	Asfiya Ajaz	20
25	Charan Teja	16
26	R C Dhanoosh	16
27	Akshaya G	15
28	Mohan K M	16

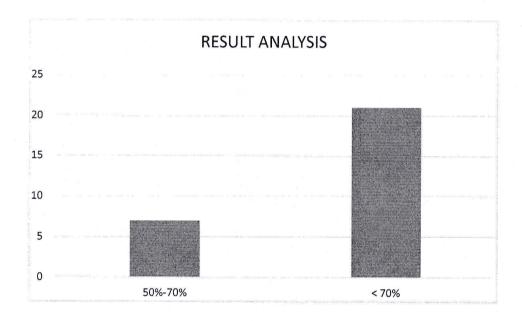
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HOD the Department of Computer Science
BSA Reptollege
No. 33/2B, Hebbal, Kempapura
Bengaluru - 560 024.



## RESULTS ANALYSIS FOR BRIDGE COURSE 2023

**GRAPH** 



Rodhil

Head of the Department of Computer Science Sine ACOTHEGE No. 33/28, Hebbal, Kempapura Bengaluru - 560 024.

#### SINDHI CULLEGE HEBBAL,KE PAPURA PRE-T ST

Amera 1st Ligur

1. Another name for computer programs is	is an emerging branch in
	computer science, which interprets means and method of making computers think like
Software	human beings.
	a) Block chain
B. RAM	b) VR
C. Input Devices	Le) AI
D. Hardware	d) Cloud computing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI stands for?
Hardware	Ultra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	Under Lower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive	c Ultra Lower Scale Integration
Software	d) Under Large Scale Integration
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or other things is known as	13. L'LL stands for?
A.Desktop	(a) High Level Language
Mon	b) High Layman's Language
C.Graphic .	c) High Level Lesson
D.Image	d) High Layman's Lesson
4. Part of a computer that allows a user to put	
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
	a) structure and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as observed by the user
	b) structure of a computer system as observed
.B. Software	by the developer
	c) structure and behaviour of a computer
C. Operating System	system as observed by the developer
Input Device	All of the mentioned
5.Name the brain of the computer that does the	15. There are types of memory
calculation, moving, and processing of information.	
CPU	a) Two
B. RAM	b) Three
C. Motherboard	c) One
D. Hard Drive	d) Four

6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used.	
a) development	a) Heart
b) generation	b) Arm
c) advancement	ET Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
a) Output	a) LU
b) Input	b) AU
c) Display	1 c) ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
a) 1st	a) Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
c) 3rd	c) Read Able Memory
d 4th	d) Random Available Memory
0)4	
9 generation of computer started with usin	g 19.ROM stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	
(a) 1st	a) Permanently
b) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Fully
d) 4	
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this gener	ration. 20.A video game is played by
10.Datol providence	using card
( at 1st	a) Sound
b) 2nd	b) Modem
c) 3rd	(e) Graphics
	d) Network information
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	

# SINDHI COLLEGE

DARSHAN BCA

HEBFAL,KEMPAPURA PRE-TEST

1. Pariodici fiame for computer programs is	11 is an emerging branch in
	computer science, which interprets means and
	method of making computers think like
	human beings.
Software	a) Block chain
B. RAM	b) VR
C. Input Devices	c)AI
D. Hardware	d) Cloud computing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI stands for?
A. Hardware	a) Ultra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	
C. Disk Drive	b) Under Lower Scale Integration
Software	c) Ultra Lower Scale Integration
Doziwaze	d) Under Large Scale Integration
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or	13.HLL stands for?
other things is known as	13.TILL Stands for:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
A.Desktop	a) Tigh Level Language
Icon	b) High Layman's Language
C.Graphic	c) High Level Lesson
D.Image	d) High Layman's Lesson
4. Part of a computer that allows a user to put	
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
	a) structure and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as observed by the user
	b) structure of a computer system as observed
B. Software	by the developer
	. /
Operating System	structure and behaviour of a computer
Input Device	system as observed by the developer d) All of the mentioned
	a) An of the mentioned
5.Name the brain of the computer that does the	15. There are types of memory
calculation, moving, and processing of information.	15. There are types of memory
A/CPU	A) Two
B. RAM	b) Three
C. Motherboard	c) One
D. Hard Drive	d) Four
	u) I oui

6.A term in computer terminology is a change in technology a computer is/was being used.	16.A Processor acts like a/an
a) development	W Heart
b) generation	b) Arm
c) advancement	c) Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
a) Output	a) LU
(b) Input	b) AU
c) Display	c) ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
a) 1st	Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
c) 3rd	c) Read Able Memory
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Random Available Memory
9 generation of computer started with using	19.ROM stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	
a) 1st	a) Permanently
<b>b</b> ) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Fully
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generation.	20.A video game is played by
, and a second s	using card
a) 1st	a) Sound
b) 2nd	b) Modem
c) 3rd	c) Graphics
Al Alb	d) Network information
074	

#### SINDHI COLLEGE HEBBAL,KEMPAPURA PRE-TEST

Jayanth KR BCA 19/20

Another name for computer programs is	is an emerging branch in
	computer science, which interprets means and
	method of making computers think like
Software	numan beings.
B. RAM	a) Block chain
C. Input Devices	b) VR
D. Hardware	c)AI
La Hardward	d) Cloud computing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI stands for?
*	
A. Hardware	a) Ultra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	b) Under Lower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive	c) Ultra Lower Scale Integration
Software	d) Under Large Scale Integration
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or	13.HL L stands for?
other things is known as	
A.Desktop	aVIII al V 1 I
E-Teon /	a) High Level Language
C.Graphic	b) High Layman's Language c) High Level Lesson
D.Image	d) High Layman's Lesson
	d) High Layman's Lesson
4. Part of a computer that allows a user to put	
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
	a) structure and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as observed by the user
	b) structure of a computer system as observed
Software	by the developer
C. Operating System	c) structure and behaviour of a computer
O. Input Device	system as observed by the developer
input Device	All of the mentioned .
Name the brain of the computer that does the	15. There are types of memory
calculation, moving, and processing of information.	types of memory
CPU CPU	a) Two
B. RAM	b) Three
2. Motherboard	c) One
Hard Drive	d) Four
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6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used. a) development	A) Heart
b) generation	b) Arm
c) advancement	c) Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
d) grown	
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
Output	a) LU
b) Input	b) AU
c) Display	c) ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
a) 1st	a) Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
c) 3rd	c) Read Able Memory
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Random Available Memory
9 generation of computer started with using	19.ROM stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	
a) 1st	a) Permanently
b) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
d) 4 <sup>th.</sup>	d) Fully
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generation	
1 Minimum and the second of th	using card
a) 1st	a) Sound
b) 2nd	b) Modem
c) 3rd	e) Graphics
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Network information

#### SINDHI COLLEGE HEBBAL,KEMPAPURA PRE-TES

15/20

1. Another name for computer programs is	11 is an emerging branch in computer science, which interprets means and
	method of making computers think like
	human beings.
Software	a) Block chain
B. RAM	5) VR
C. Input Devices	AI
D. Hardware	a) Cloud computing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12 ULSI stands for?
Hand ware	
Hardware	a) Oltra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	b) Under Lower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive	c) Ura Lower Scale Integration
S. Software	d) Ut der Large Scale Integration
3 A amall ricture that represents a C-11	10.17
3. A small picture that represents a folder, program or	13.H. L stands for?
other things is known as	
Desktop	a) High Level Language
Elcon	b) High Layman's Language
C.Graphic	c) High Level Lesson
D.Image	d) High Layman's Lesson
4.Part of a computer that allows a user to put	
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
	a) structure and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as observed by the user
	b) structure of a computer system as observed
Software	by the developer
	c) structure and behaviour of a computer
C. Operating System	system as observed by the developer
D. Input Device	d) All of the mentioned
5.Name the brain of the computer that does the	15. There are types of memory
calculation, moving, and processing of information.	sypto or momory
A CPU	a) Two
B. RAM	b) Three
C. Motherboard	c) One
D. Hard Drive	d) Four

131	
6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used.	
a) development	a) Heart
b) generation	b) Arm
c) advancement	e) Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
d) growth	
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
a) Output	a) LU
b) Input	b) AU
c) Display	c) ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
	a) Random Access Memory
a) 1st	b) Random Analysis
b) 2nd	c) Read Able Memory
c) 3rd	d) Random Available Memory
A) 4th	d) Kandom Avanable Memory
9. generation of computer started with using	19.ROM stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	
a) Ist	a) Permanently
b) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Fully
d) 4	
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generati	on. 20.A video game is played by
	using card
a) Tst	a) Sound
b) 2nd	b) Modem
c) 3rd	c) Graphics
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Network information
u) 4	$\checkmark$

#### SINDHI COLLEGE HEBBAL,KEM APURA PRE TE T

Name: Akash Garkar claus: BCA II B.

PRE-TE	20/
1. Another name for computer programs is 501400	u 11. AI is an emerging branch in
the state of the programs is 3-4(1)	computer science, which interprets means and
	method of making computers think like
	human beings.
Software	a) Block chain
B. RAM	b) VR
C. Input Devices	et AI
D. Hardware	d) Cloud computing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI stands for?
Hardware	
Hardware	Ultra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	b) Under Lower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive	c) U'tra Lower Scale Integration
Software	d) U. der Large Scale Integration
Software	d) Order Large Scale Integration
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or	13.HL stands for?
other things is known as $\mathbb{Z}$ con.	13.111 / Stands for .
A.Desktop	a) High evel Language
Dicon	b) High I syman's Language
C.Graphic (	c) High Level Lesson
D.Image	d) High Layman's Lesson
	2) 1181 23,11111 5 265561
4. Part of a computer that allows a user to put	
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
	a) structure and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as observed by the user
	b) structure of a computer system as observed
B. Software	by the developer
	c) structure and behaviour of a computer
C. Operating System	system as observed by the developer
Input Device	All of the mentioned
5. Name the brain of the computer that does the	15. There are types of memory
calculation, moving, and processing of information.	
CPU	à) Two
B. RAM	b) Three
C. Motherboard	c) One
D. Hard Drive	d) Four

6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used.	
a) development	a) Heart
b) generation	b) Arm
c) advancement	c) Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
a) Output	a) LU
b) Input	b) AU
c) Display	ø) ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
	10 DANG 4 1 C
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
a) 1st	a Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
c) 3rd	c) Read Able Memory
4) 4 <sup>m</sup>	d) Random Available Memory
	10 DOM - 4 1-4-
9 generation of computer started with using	19.ROM stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	
at 1st	a) Permanently
b) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
d) 4 <sup>th</sup> .	d) Fully
10 D . 1	ion 20 A video game is played by
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generati	
	using card a) Sound
2) 1St	
b) 2nd	b) Modem  Of Graphics
c) 3rd	d) Network information
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Network information
	•

#### SINDHI COLLEGE HEBBAL,KEMPAPURA PRE-TEST

Name - Aastha Nahall Class - BCA 'B'

20/20

1. Another name for computer programs is	11 is an emerging branch in
	computer science, which interprets means and
	method of making computers think like
	human beings.
Software	a) Block chain
B. RAM	b) VR
C. Input Devices	Q) AI
D. Hardware	d) Cloud computing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI stands for?
Hardware	(a) Ultra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	b) Under Lower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive	c) Ultra Lower Scale Integration
Software	d) Under Large Scale Integration
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or	13.HLL stands for?
other things is known as	is it is stantas for:
A.Desktop	a) ligh Level Language
≥ Icon	b) High Layman's Language
C.Graphic	c) High Level Lesson
D.Image	d) High Layman's Lesson
4. Part of a computer that allows a user to put	14 When is commuter exception?
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
	a) struct re and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as observed by the user
B. Software	b) structure of a computer system as observed by the developer
	structure and behaviour of a computer
C. Operating System	system as observed by the developer
Input Device	A) All of the mentioned
5. Name the brain of the computer that does the calculation, moving, and processing of information.	15. There are types of memory
A. CPU	(a) Two
B. RAM	b) Three
C. Motherboard	c) One
D. Hard Drive	d) Four

6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used.	
a) development	a) Heart
b) generation	b) Arm
. c) advancement	c) Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
a) Output	a) LU
<b>b</b> Input	b) AU
c) Display	S ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
a) 1st	a) Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
c) 3rd	c) Read Able Memory
ST4th	d) Random Available Memory
9 generation of computer started with using	19.ROM stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	
a) 1st	a) Permanently
b) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Fully
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generati	on. 20.A video game is played by
2	using card
ay 1st	a) Sound
b) 2nd	b) Modem
c) 3rd	c) Graphics
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Network information
d) <del>1</del>	

#### SINDHI COLLEGE HEBBAL,KEMPAPURA PRE-TEST

PRISTIN 19/20

1. Another name for computer programs is	11.	is an emerging branch in
	computer sc	ience, which interprets means and
	method of m	naking computers think like
	human being	
Software	a) Block cha	nin
B. RAM	b) VR	
C. Input Devices	CAI	
D. Hardware	d) Cloud con	mputing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI sta	nds for?
Hardware	WUltra Larg	ge Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive		ower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive		ver Scale Integration
¬○ Software		rge Scale Integration
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or	1 .HLL sta	nds for?
other things is known as		
d Tradition	6,000	1.
A.Desktop  A.Don		el Language
C.Graphic	0.02 1/2 (2.32) 1/2 1/2	man's Language
D.Image	c) H 3h Lev	
E) image	a) High Lay	man's Lesson
4.Part of a computer that allows a user to put		
information into the computer is called	14. What is o	computer organization?
	a) structure	and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as ol	oserved by the user
	b) structure	of a computer system as observed
B. Software	by the devel	oper
	c) structure	and behaviour of a computer
C. Operating System	system as ob	oserved by the developer
Input Device	A) All of the	ementioned
5. Name the brain of the computer that does the calculation, moving, and processing of information.	15. There ar	e types of memory
CPU CPU	a) Two	
B. RAM	b) Three	
C. Motherboard	c) One	$\times$
D. Hard Drive	d Four	

6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used.	
a) development	a) Heart
b) generation	b) Arm
c) advancement	e) Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
a) Output	a) LU
b) Input	b) AU
c) Display	C) ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
a) 1st	a) Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
c) 3rd	c) Read Able Memory
4) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Random Available Memory
4	d) Kandom Avanable Memory
9 generation of computer started with using	19.ROM stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	
a) 1st	a) Permanently
b) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Fully
<i>()</i> 4	2) 1 222
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generation	
A Market Barrier in Market	using card
a) 1st	a) Sound
b) 2nd	b) Modem
c) 3rd	e) Graphics
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Network information

#### SINDHI COLL. GE HEBBAL,KEMPAPURA PRE-TEST

A. Anusri 19/20 BCA BCA

1. Another name for computer programs is	1 is an emerging branch in
	computer science, which interprets means and
	method of making computers think like
	human beings.
Software	a) Block chain
B. RAM	b) VR
C. Input Devices	c) AI
D. Hardware	d) Cloud computing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI stands for?
M Hardware	(a) Últra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	b) Under Lower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive	c) Ultra Lower Scale Integration
- Software	d) Under Large Scale Integration
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or	13 HLL stands for?
other things is known as	
A.Desktop	a) High Level Language
S.Icon	b) High Layman's Language
C.Graphic C.Graphic	c) High Level Lesson
D.Image	d) High Layman's Lesson
4. Part of a computer that allows a user to put	
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
	a) structure and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as observed by the user
	b) structure of a computer system as observed
B. Software	by the developer
	c) structure and behaviour of a computer
C. Operating System	system as observed by the developer
Input Device	d) All of the mentioned
5.Name the brain of the computer that does the	15 Thomas of
calculation, moving, and processing of information.	15. There are types of memory
CPU	a) Two
B. RAM	b) Three
C. Motherboard	c) One
D. Hard Drive	d) Four

6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used.	
a) development	a) Heart
b) generation	b) Arm
Advancement	ve) Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
a) Output	a) LU
b) Input	b) AU
c) Display	(c) ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
a) 1st	(a) Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
c) 3rd	c) Read Able Memory
d) 4th	d) Random Available Memory
9. generation of computer started with using	19.ROM stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	
a) 1st	a) Permanently
b) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
	d) Fully
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) I dily
40 D 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	20 4 -: 1 1
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generatio	
	using card
ay 1st	a) Sound
b) 2nd	b) Modem
c) 3rd	(c) Graphics
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Network information
	jana ili galeria da karantaria da karantaria da karantaria da karantaria da karantaria da karantaria da karant

Contact

1. Another name for computer programs is	is an emerging branch in
	computer science, which interprets means and
	nethod of making computers think like
	numan beings.
Software	a) Block chain
B. RAM	b) VR
C. Input Devices	AI
D. Hardware	d) Cloud computing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI stands for?
Hardware	a) Ultra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	b) Under Lower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive	c) Ultra Lower Scale Integration
Software	d) Under Large Scale Integration
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or	13.HLL stands for?
other things is known as	
A.Desktop	High Level Language
Icon	b) High Layman's Language
C.Graphic	c) High Level Lesson
D.Image	d) High Layman's Lesson
4.Part of a computer that allows a user to put	
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
SATIST A	2\244
A. Output Device	a) structure and behaviour of a computer
	system as observed by the user
B. Software	b) structure of a computer system as observed by the developer
	structure and behaviour of a computer
C Operating System	system as observed by the developer
Input Device	d) All of the mentioned .
	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×
5.Name the brain of the computer that does the	15. There are types of memory
calculation, moving, and processing of information.	
A. CPU B. RAM	a) Two
Motherboard	b) Three
D. Hard Drive	c) One
2. Hard Dilve	d) Four

70/11	
6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used.	
a) development	a) Fleart
b) generation	b) Arm
c) advancement	c) Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
a) Output	a) LU
b) Input	b) AU
c) Display	c) ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
a) 1st	a) Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
3rd	c) Read Able Memory
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Random Available Memory
9. generation of computer started with using	19.ROM stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	
a) 1st	a) Permanently
b) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
d) 4 <sup>th</sup> .	d) Fully
0)4	
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generation.	20. A video game is played by
10.Daten processing was mainly asea in the generation	using card
a) 1st	a) Sound
b) 2nd	b) Modem
c) 3rd	c) Graphics
4 <sup>th</sup>	Network information
4	) Howork information

#### SINDHI COLLEGE HEBBAL,KE «PAPURA PRE-T EST

Gangolherie 19/20 BCA

in interior name for computer programs is	is an emerging branch in
	computer science, which interprets means and
	method of making computers think like
	human beings.
A Software	a) Block chain
B. RAM	b) VR
C. Input Devices	ØAI
D. Hardware	d) Cloud computing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI stands for?
Hardware	Ultra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	Under Lower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive	Ultra Lower Scale Integration
Software	d) Under Large Scale Integration
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or	13. ULL stands for?
other things is known as	13. TEL stands for:
A. Desktop	a) High Level Language
Sicon	b) Hig Layman's Language
C.Graphic	c) High Level Lesson
D.Image	d) High Layman's Lesson
4. Part of a computer that allows a user to put	
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
	a) structure and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as observed by the user
	b) structure of a computer system as observed
B. Software	by the developer
	c) structure and behaviour of a computer
Operating System	system as observed by the developer
D. Input Device	All of the mentioned
5.Name the brain of the computer that does the	15. There are types of memory .
calculation, moving, and processing of information.	sypto or momory
A-CPU	a) Two
B. RAM	b) Three
C. Motherboard	c) One
D. Hard Drive	Four

11/1	
6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used.	
a) development	a) Heart
b) generation	b) Arm
c) advancement	Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
a) Output	a) LU
6) Input	b) AU
c) Display	O ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
d) Stolage	
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
by 1st	a) Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
c) 3rd	c) Read Able Memory
20 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Random Available Memory
(d) 4 <sup>m</sup>	a) random rivalidado rivalidado
	19.ROM stores data
9 generation of computer started with using	19. KOW Stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	46
(a) 1st	at Permanently
b) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Fully
	20 A - 1
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generation	
	using card
a) 1st	a) Sound
b) 2nd	b) Modem
c) 3rd	© Graphics
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Network information
	To the state of th

#### SINDHI COLLEGE HEBBAL,KEMPAPURA PRE-TEST

A. Manoj BCA

18

1. Another name for computer programs is	11 is an emerging branch in
West of the second seco	computer science, which interprets means and
	method of making computers think like
A Co-0	human beings.
A. Software  B. RAM	a) Block chain
C. Input Devices	b) VR
D. Hardware	c) Al
D. Hardware	d) Cloud computing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI stands for?
A. Hardware	a) Últra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	b) Under Lower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive	c) Ultra Lower Scale Integration
2. Software	d) Under Large Scale Integration
	a) Officer Daige Searc Integration
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or	13.HLL stands for?
other things is known as	13.11111 Stelleds 101:
A.Desktop	a) High Level Language
B.Icon C. Control of the Control of	b) High Layman's Language
C.Graphic C.Graphic	c) High Level Lesson
D.Image	d) High Layman's Lesson
4. Part of a computer that allows a user to put	
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
	a) structure and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as observed by the user
O Cofee	b) structure of a computer system as observed
B. Software	by the developer
C. Operating System	c) structure and behaviour of a computer
	system as observed by the developer
D. Input Device	d) All of the mentioned
5. Name the brain of the computer that does the	15. There are types of memory
calculation, moving, and processing of information.	
A. CPU	a) Two
B. RAM	b) Three
C. Motherboard	c) One
D. Hard Drive	d) Four

6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used.	N. T. T
a) development	a) Heart
by generation	b) Arm
c) advancement	c) Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
a) Output	a) LU
b) Input	b) AU
c) Display	c) ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
affist .	a) Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
c) 3rd	c) Read Able Memory
4th	d) Random Available Memory
<ol> <li>generation of computer started with using</li> </ol>	19.ROM stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	1).NOW Stores data
a) Tst	a) Permanently
b) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Fully
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generation	20.A video game is played by
10.Daten processing was mainly asset in the government	using card
a) 1st	a) Sound
b) 2nd	b) Modem
c) 3rd	c) Graphics
	d) Network information
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) I vetwork information
	And the second s

Kaira Venu BCA

#### SINDHI COLLEGE HEBBAL,KEMPAPURA PRE-TEST



1. Another name for computer programs is	is an emerging branch in computer science, which interprets means and
	method of making computers think like
✓ Software	human beings.
B. RAM	a) Block chain
C. Input Devices	b) VR
D. Hardware	d) Cloud computing
	a) Cloud companing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI stands for?
Hardware	a) Ultra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	Under Lower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive	c) Ultra Lower Scale Integration
D. Software	d) Under Large Scale Integration
2 A grandl mintrum that are a C.11	
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or other things is known as	13.HLL stands for?
A.Desktop	a) High Level Language
Complia	b) High Layman's Language
C.Graphic D.Image	c) High Level Lesson
Limage	d) High Layman's Lesson
4.Part of a computer that allows a user to put	
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
	a) structure and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as observed by the user
20.00	b) structure of a computer system as observed
B. Software	by the developer
C Ownersting System	c) structure and behaviour of a computer
C. Operating System  Input Device	system as observed by the developer
2. Input Device	d) All of the mentioned
5.Name the brain of the computer that does the	15. There are types of memory
calculation, moving, and processing of information.	
A CPU	a) Two
B, RAM	b) Three
C. Motherboard	c) One
D. Hard Drive	d) Four

6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used.	
a) development	a) Heart
b) generation	b) Arm
c) advancement	(c) Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
a) Output	a) LU
b) Input	b) AU
c) Display	¢) ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
a) 1st	Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
c) 3rd	c) Read Able Memory
at 4th	d) Random Available Memory
(4)	
9 generation of computer started with using vacuum tubes as the basic components.	19.ROM stores data
a) 1st	a) Permanently
b) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
d) 4 <sup>th.</sup>	d) Fully
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generation	
	using card
a) 1st	a) Sound
b) 2nd	b) Modem
c) 3rd	(Graphics
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Network information

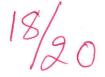
# SINDHI COLLEGE HEBBAL,KF IPAPURA

15/20 PRE-1 3ST

computer science, which interprets means and method of making computers think like human beings.  a) Block chain b) VR  e) AI d) Cloud computing  12.ULSI stands for?
human beings.  a) Block chain  b) VR  e) AI  d) Cloud computing
a) Block chain b) VR e) AI d) Cloud computing
b) VR e) AI d) Cloud computing
e) AI d) Cloud computing
d) Cloud computing
12.ULSI stands for?
Ultra Large Scale Integration
) Under Lower Scale Integration
Ultra Lower Scale Integration
Under Large Scale Integration
13 HLL stands for?
a) H gh Level Language
b) H 3h Layman's Language
c) High Level Lesson
d) High Layman's Lesson
14. What is computer organization?
a) structure and behaviour of a computer
system as observed by the user
b) structure of a computer system as observed 1
by the developer
c) structure and behaviour of a computer
system as observed by the developer
d) All of the mentioned
15. There are types of memory
Two
b) Three
c) One
d) Four

BR Johith Ray

# SINDHI COLLEGE HEBBAL,KEMPAPURA PRE-TEST



1. Another name for computer programs is	11 is an emerging branch in
ACOM	computer science, which interprets means and
	method of making computers think like
1 / 0	human beings.
A Software	a) Block chain
B. RAM	b) VR
C. Input Devices D. Hardware	c) AI
L. Haidwale	d) Cloud computing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI stands for?
Hardware	a) Ultra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	b) Under Lower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive	c) Ultra Lower Scale Integration
D. Software	d) Under Large Scale Integration
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or other things is known as	13.HLL stands for?
A. Desktop	a) High Level Language
Z.Icon	b) High Layman's Language
C.Graphic	c) High Level Lesson
D.Image -	d) High Layman's Lesson
4. Part of a computer that allows a user to put	
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
	a) structure and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as observed by the user
	b) structure of a computer system as observed
B. Software	by the developer
	c) structure and behaviour of a computer
C Operating System	system as observed by the developer
Input Device	d) All of the mentioned
5.Name the brain of the computer that does the	15. There are types of memory
calculation, moving, and processing of information.	
K CPU	a) Two
B. RAM	b) Three
C. Motherboard	c) One
D. Hard Drive	d) Four

6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used.	XII.
a) development	a) Heart
b) generation	b) Arm
c) advancement	g) Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
The second secon	a) LU
a) Output	
b) Input	b) AU
c) Display	e) ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
a) 1st	a) Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
c) 3rd	c) Read Able Memory
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Random Available Memory
4) 4	
9. generation of computer started with using	19.ROM stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	
a) 1st	a) Permanently
b) 2nd	b) Temporarily
c) 3rd	c) Partially
	d) Fully
d) 4 <sup>th.</sup>	d) Fully
10 Detail and a second mainly used in this generation	20 A video game is played by
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generation.	using card
3.4 m	a) Sound
a) 1st	
b) 2nd	b) Modem
e) 3rd	c) Graphics
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Network information

## SINDHI COI LEGE HEBBAL,KEM APURA PRE-TE T

1. Another name for computer programs is	
	computer science, which interprets means and
	method of making computers think like
	human beings.
Software	a) Block chain
B. RAM	b) VR
C. Input Devices	e) AI
D. Hardware	d) Cloud computing
2. The physical parts of a computer are termed as	12.ULSI stands for?
Hardware	Ultra Large Scale Integration
B. Hard Drive	b) Under Lower Scale Integration
C. Disk Drive	c) Iltra Lower Scale Integration
D. Software	d) Under Large Scale Integration
3.A small picture that represents a folder, program or other things is known as	13.1 LL stands for?
A. Desktop	
Zicon /	High Level Language
C.Graphic	b) High Layman's Language
D.Image	c) High Level Lesson d) High Layman's Lesson
	d) High Layman's Lesson
4. Part of a computer that allows a user to put	
information into the computer is called	14. What is computer organization?
	a) structure and behaviour of a computer
A. Output Device	system as observed by the user
	b) structure of a computer system as observed
B. Software	by the developer
	c) structure and behaviour of a computer
Operating System	system as observed by the developer
D. Input Device	All of the mentioned
5. Name the brain of the computer that does the calculation, moving, and processing of information.	15. There are types of memory
CPU	a) Two
B. RAM	b) Three
C. Motherboard	c) One
D. Hard Drive	A Four

Outline /	
06/61	
6.A term in computer terminology is a change in	16.A Processor acts like a/an
technology a computer is/was being used.	
development	a) Heart
b) generation	b) Arm
c) advancement	Brain
d) growth	d) Kidney
7.Barcode Reader is a/an device	17. Arithmetic operations are performed by
a) Output	a) LU
b) Input	b) AU
c) Display	ALU
d) Storage	d) CU
8. The generation based on VLSI microprocessor.	18.RAM stands for
a) 1st	a) Random Access Memory
b) 2nd	b) Random Analysis
c) 3rd	c) Read Able Memory
d 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Random Available Memory
9. generation of computer started with using	19.ROM stores data
vacuum tubes as the basic components.	
a) 1st	a) Permanently
	b) Temporarily
b) 2nd	c) Partially
c) 3rd	d) Fully
d) 4 <sup>th</sup> .	d) I any
10.Batch processing was mainly used in this generation	on. 20.A video game is played by
	using card
#1st	a) Sound
b) 2nd	b) Modem
c) 3rd	Graphics
d) 4 <sup>th</sup>	d) Network information
d) 4	27.10110311



### Circular

Date: 09th September 2022

Bridge course for non commerce students will be held from 12<sup>th</sup> September to 17<sup>th</sup> September between 2:00pm to 3:00pm. The list of students is as follows.

SL. No	Student Name
01	Santhosh
02	Siddarth
03	Chirag
04	Aldrich Caelan Fernandes
05	Faizan Hasan
06	Naramsetti Jyoshya
07	Sankarapu Karthik

HOD



### Department of commerce

Bridge course Time Table 2022-2023

### **ODD SEMRSTER**

### I B.com

12<sup>th</sup> September – 17<sup>th</sup> September

DAY	Subject	Teacher	Timings
Monday	FA	CL	2:00pm – 3:00pm
Tuesday	FA	SK	2:00pm – 3:00pm
Wednesday	FA	CL	2:00pm – 3:00pm
Thursday	FA	SK	2:00pm – 3:00pm
Friday	FA	SK	2:00pm – 3:00pm
Saturday	FS	CL	2:00pm - 3:00pm

HOD



### Schedule for Bridge Courses 2022 – 2026

Timings: 2:00pm to 3:00pm

10 <sup>th</sup> September 2022	Pre- test
12 <sup>th</sup> September 2022	Lecture
13 <sup>th</sup> September 2022	Lecture
14 <sup>th</sup> September 2022	Problem Solving
15 <sup>th</sup> September 2022	Problem Solving
16 <sup>th</sup> September 2022	Problem Solving
17 <sup>th</sup> September 2022	Revisions
19 <sup>th</sup> September 2022	Test

HOD

### Sindhi college

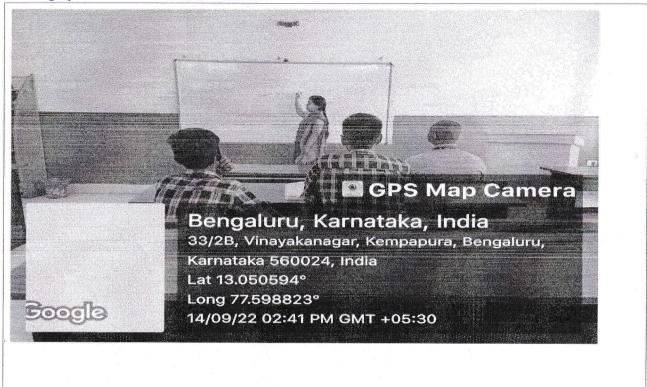
### **Bridge Course Contents**

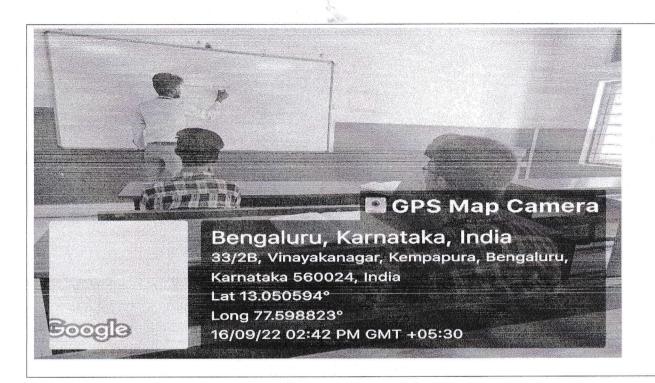
Class:B.Com **Subject: Accountancy** 

### Syllabus

- Fundamentals Of Accounting:
- Meaning and scope of accounting
- Basic terms in accounting
- Accounting concepts and Accounting Conventions
- Standards-concepts, Objectives, Benefits: Accounting Policies
- Documents and books of Accounts
- Debit and Credit Notes
- Day book, and Journal, Ledgers and Trail Balance.

Photographs





# Sindhi College

### Department of commerce Bridge Course Classes 2022-2023

Class: I sem B.com.

Subject: Financial Accounting

Duration: 1 hour.

Sl.		. 1,2	122	10	15/9/22	16/6/22	12/0/2	V
No	Name	12/9/1	13/9/22	12/01	12/01.	101,	18,	
01	Santhorn	1	2	3	4	5-	6	3
02	Siddauth	1	2	2	3	ч	5	1
03	Chirag	1	1	2	3	ષ	5	
04	Aldrich Corelan	X	2	3	4	2-	6	
05	Faczan Hasan		2	3	24	5-	6	2
06	Naramsetti Tyoshyo		2	3	4	5	6	
07	Sankarapu Kaithik		1	2	3	4	5	
		ex	Ph	SH	PAL	De	#	

Faculty Signature.

HOL



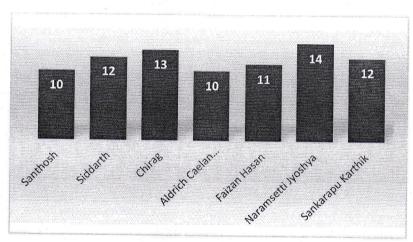
### TEST RESULTS FOR BRIDGE COURSE 2022

### BATCH 2022-23

### PRE-TEST ANALYSYS

Sl. No	Student Name	Total marks (30)
1	Santhosh	10
2	Siddarth	12
3	Chirag	13
4	Aldrich Caelan Fernandes	10
5	Faizan Hasan	11
6	Naramsetti Jyoshya	14
7	Sankarapu Karthik	12

### Marks



HOD

Head of the Department of Commerce Sindhi College No. 33/2B, Hebbel Kannapura Bengaluru - 54.5 Commerce



# SINDHI COLLEGE

(Sponsors : Sindhi Seva Samiti)

Permanently Affiliated to Bengaluru Central University
Recognised by UGC under 2(f) & 12(B)

NAAC Accredited ISO 9001:2015 Certified

33/2B, Kempapura, Hebbal, Bangalore - 560 024

### I / II Internal Examination

29958

Date:
Reg. No.:
Sem. & Course: TR.Com B'sec.
Section:
Subject: Raidae Course Pre-test.
No. of Pages Used :
Instructions:
1. Rough work, if any, should be done in the answer scripts.
2. Copying, carrying books or manuscripts and any malpractice is strictly prohibited.
3. Nothing to be written on the Question Papers.
4. Do not waste Answer Scripts.
5. Answers must be Legibly written.

Signature of the Invigilator

### For the Use of Examiners only Marks Awarded

			2	Section	1				
- Anna -		- 1 N N	T - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Section	A		T T		
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	A TO THE MALE			Section	B				2.
Q. No	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total
Marks		100	1 /2	To A	39° 4			1. 3	. 1.
		0		Section	C		is 16.	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
Q. No	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total
Marks				1		V - 10 0 1			
	3-40-1			Languag	ges				*
		y H	2 111 - 4	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	Total
Q. No	1	100	111	1.0	<b>V</b>				

Signature of the valuer with date

# Section A 1. According to American Institute of Certified public Accountants, "Accounting is an art of recording classifying and surmanissing in a significant manner and in terms of money triousaction and wents which Dane in front least, of a binancial character and interpreting the greats theore of. D'Ansi - A beloit is an Accourding entry that regults in either an increase in assets and decrease in Viraleileties or a company balance sheet. Under this concept, only those terassocitions which on be expressed in terms of money are recorded in the books of accounts. eVon-monetary transactions like officiency, honesty etc connot be Section-B. 7. Aus. The different accounting concepts are as pollows. · Rusiness Entity concept: It implies that a leusing is separate and distinct from the owner According to this concept business is kept separate from the proprietor so that the transactions of the business is recorded expressely. 24 Money measurement concepts: - Only those townsortions which can be exposed in terms of money are recorded in the books of accounts. 34 Accounting Period concept: The like of the business is divided into suitable accounting presciod. This division is made to accordain the peropet or lose of the husiness and Going Concesen: - It supposes to the continuous existance of

the levelines conesen. The life of the live ness does not come to an end with an year. 5x Dual aspect concept: Frency teransactions impolice two fold aspects- Receiving and giving aspect. An entry being made por succeiving amount and similar entries made por a giving Ale. 6\* Matching Concepts: - The expenses incurred in an accounting frescion should be notched with scenerus. recognized in that presid. The faire fraid to require it and this cost is the basein por all the gelescopent occar accounting por that Accol. Account concept. 9 \* Pealization concept. los Legal aspect concept. 10. Aus - Accounding standands are written policy documents exceed by expect accounting body are by government con other seequlatory body covering the aspects of recognition, freatment, measurement, presentation and disclosure of accounting francactions and events in the binarcial statements. In shoot, An accounting standard nay a selected go and on having about on forcetice of accounting.

The Accounting standards are set in the poem of general free insples. The applications of which is left to the preopersional judgements.

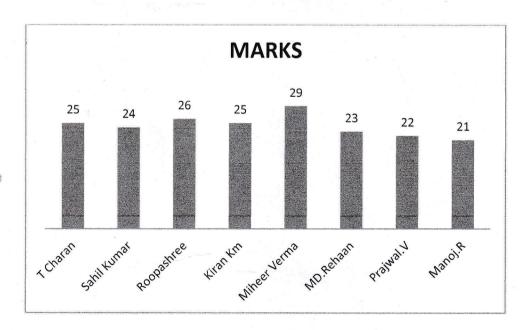


# TEST RESULTS FOR BRIDGE COURSE -2021

### **BATCH 2021**

### POST TEST RESULT ANALYSIS

	Student Name	TOTAL MARKS (30)
1	T Charan	25
2	Sahil Kumar	24
3	Roopashree	26
4	Kiran Km	25
5	Miheer Verma	29
6	MD.Rehaan	23
7	Prajwal.V	22
8	Manoj.R	21



# Sindhi college

# **Bridge Course Contents**

Subject: Accountancy

**Syllabus** 

# Fundamentals Of Accounting:

- Meaning and scope of accounting
- Basic terms in accounting
- Accounting concepts and accounting Conventions
- Standards-concepts, Objectives, Benefits: Accounting Policies
- Documents and books of Accounts
- Debit and Credit Notes
- Day book and journals, Ledgers and Trail Balance

Head of the Department of Commerce

Sindhi !...

. . . Kempapura

Bengaluru - 560 024.

# Sindhi College

# Department of Commerce

# Bridge Course Classes 2020-21

Class: I Sem B.COM A,B & C

**Subject: Accountancy** 

Each Class : 2 Hours

SL.No	Student Name	1A 09	17/09	allog	Dates &A\D9.	24/09	
1.	Sanjay Gowda	ı	2	3	3	4	
2.	Deepa	l	2	3	4	5	
3-	Ywal.	l	2	3	Ч	5	
41	Punith Kuma Nis	,	١	2	3	4	
۲.	Kavya G	,	2	3	4	6	
6.	Vinay Dhaward	1	2	2	3	A	
す・	Saad javed Ahme	1	2	2	3	4	
8.	Bindu-P	1	2	2	3	A	
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Faculty Sign

Rubina Sultana.

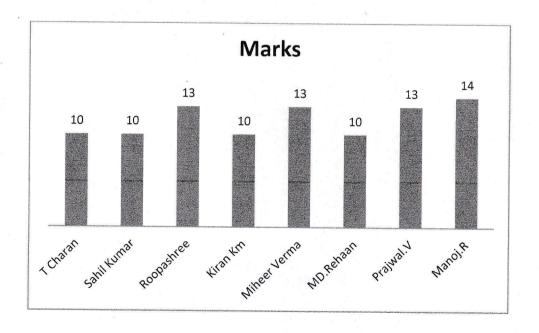
Head of the Hood signest of Commerce Sindbl College No. 33/28. Hobbal, Kempapura



# TEST RESULTS FOR PRE-BRIDGE COURSE -2021

### **BATCH 2021**

	Student Name	TOTAL MARKS (30)
1	T Charan	10
2	Sahil Kumar	10
3	Roopashree	13
4	Kiran Km	10
5	Miheer Verma	13
6	MD.Rehaan	10
7	Prajwal.V	13
8	Manoj.R	14



### **SINDHI COLLEGE**

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

### **BRIDGE COURSE POST-TEST QUESTION PAPER NOV 2021-22**

Class: 1st B.com A, B & C

**Total Marks: 30** 

### Section A

### **Answer all 5 questions:**

(2x5=10)

- 1. Define Accounting
- 2. What is Debit?
- 3. Give the meaning of Accounting Standards.
- 4. What is accrual Concept?
- 5. Give the Meaning of Assets & Liabilities.

#### Answer all 4 questions:

(5x4=20)

- 6. State the Advantages & Limitations of accounting.
- 7. Explain the Users of Accounting.
- 8. Write a note on accounting Policies.
- 9. a. Write the Format of Journal with 5 imaginary transactions.(5)
  - b. write the format of Ledger with 5 imaginary figures. (5)



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NAAC Accredited ISO 9001:2015 Certified

33/2B, Kempapura, Hebbal, Bangalore - 560 024

# I / II Internal Examination

30028

Date:	i overe
Reg. No.: (higas V	1 1
Sem. & Course: - R. Com "R"	1
Section:	
Subject: Bridge Course Post Test.	
No. of Pages Used :	
Instructions:	
1. Rough work, if any, should be done in the answer scripts.	
2. Copying, carrying books or manuscripts and any malpractice is strictly prohibited.	N
3. Nothing to be written on the Question Papers.	ПТХ
4. Do not waste Answer Scripts.	100
5. Answers must be Legibly written.	10

Signature of the Invigilator

## For the Use of Examiners only Marks Awarded

			Section					
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			Section	C	t de ske ja		An es	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total
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Marian en es	- 13		Langua	ges				
	1		IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	Total
o – Par sprako			Company of			V 4		
	1	1 2	1 2 3 1 2 3	Section	Section B	Section B	Section B	Section B

Grand Total in words

Grand Total in figures

Grand Total in figures

Signature of the valuer with date

1. Aus: Accounting is the process of seconding, and interpreting the pinarcial transactions. It consists of all penancial and mon-Démancial teransactions related to leusènces and not a sole presson. 2. Aus: Debit means decrease in liabilitées and inciense in assets. Z. Ano: Accounting standands are the profésses, sules used in presparing pinancial statements. There 4. Aus decourable concepts supers to secondings of financial tenansactions when they occur, nother than & when they are necessed or faid. 5. Aus: Asset is a thing which has evanonies value, used to even the levelines of revolutions smally gialeities are the delet which are taken beam another company or creclets. 6. Aus: Advantages of accounting ans:

It helps in propaging pinancial statements

St It helps in maintaining books of secrosuls.

34 It helps to make decision. 44 It ats as a forces or evidence. 5# It provides information. Désadvantages ave: 14 Accounting ento, neight be leased. The value of assets changes.

\*\* elisusing accounting information.

7. Au - Useres of Accountings are: 1x Managere: Managere use it to see the propétabelity posétion of lucinces. 2\* Owners: Owners use accounting information to check the penarcial prosetion of littleriese. 3x Investore: Investore we it to check the status of leuxinese to invest in one prosticular leuxinese 4x Creditore: Reface giving goods on credit, Creditors sees the accounting information of the business. 5x Movemment:- Movemment opperente we to see the tax payable by a lucinese. 6\* Rankers: Reforme giving loan to a leverness, the bankors checks the authority of the 7 x Employees: Employees use accounting information depone they join in a leveines.

Researchers use accounting books to make a gressearch of franticular luciness. 8. Aux Accounting repense to the process of identifying execording, classifying, measuring, communicating summarizing and interfronting the pinarcial transactions. It is done to check the financial position, peropilability of the business. There are many accounting policies which nefers to sules, regulations used to make penancial statements. Accounting policies helps to maintain books of succosed in a correct Many prolicies have been taken to sun the leverness operations emosthly and to ensure the position is in good nank, it is necessary

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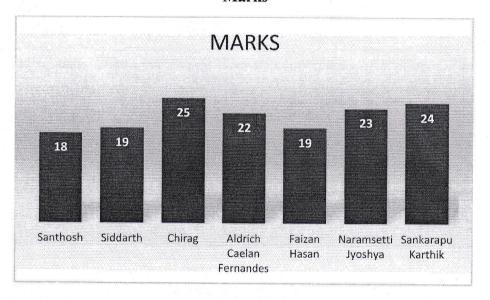
### TEST RESULTS FOR BRIDGE COURSE 2022

### BATCH 2022-23

### POST-TEST ANALYSYS

Sl. No	Student Name	Total marks (30)
1	Santhosh	18
2	Siddarth	19
3	Chirag	25
4	Aldrich Caelan Fernandes	22
5	Faizan Hasan	19
6	Naramsetti Jyoshya	23
7	Sankarapu Karthik	24

### Marks



HOD



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Recognised by UGC under 2(f) & 12(B)
ISO

NAAC Accredited ISO 9001:2015 Certified

33/2B, Kempapura, Hebbal, Bangalore - 560 024

### I / II Internal Examination

18152

Date: (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
Reg. No.: T. charan
Sem. & Course: Brom. A Sec.
Section: D' sec
Subject: Posidge Course Post test.
No. of Pages Used :
Instructions:
1. Rough work, if any, should be done in the answer scripts.
2. Copying, carrying books or manuscripts and any malpractice is strictly prohibited.
3. Nothing to be written on the Question Papers.
4. Do not waste Answer Scripts.
5. Answers must be Legibly written.

Signature of the Invigilator

# For the Use of Examiners only Marks Awarded

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Q. No	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total
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Q. No	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total
Marks		7	1-16	2.5	1	<i>y</i>	Part 1	3.3	. ()
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Q. No	· 1	II	Ш	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	Total
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Grand Total in words	Twent	y fi	ie W	laiks		rand Total n figures	25	/30	

Signature of the valuer with date

Section - A 1. Accounting is the process of recording. clarifying measuring communicating, summarizing and interpreting the financial transactions.

All financial and non-financial information about business. do love he the Debit generally means decrease in liabilities and increase in assets. Accounting standards is are the policies, rules, we used in preparing financial statements. These are written policy to currents. A According to refer to recording of financial transactions when they occur eather than when they are received or paid. 5. Assets is a thing which has economic value.

Which are used to run the bapiness operation

Smoothly.

Liabilities are the debt which are taken

from another company or creditors. Advantages of accounting are

Mai It helps in preparing financial statements

It helps in maintaining books of accords.

It helps to make decision. It acts es a proof or evidence. It provides information.

Disadvantages are:

Accounting info, might be biased.

The value of assets Changes.

3. Misusing accounting information. J. Users of Accounting are :
Owners: - Owners use accounting information

to check the financial position of business. 2. Managers: - Managers use it to see the profitability, position of business.

3. Investors: - Investors use it to check the status of business to invest in one particular business or not. business or not.

Greditors: Before giving goods on credit, coreditors

sees the accounting information of the business.

Grovernment: Grovernment officials use to see the

tan bayable by a business.

6. Bankors: Before giving loan to a business, the

bankers checks the authentity of the business.

7. Employees: Employees use accounting information

before they join a in a business.

8. Researchess: Researchess use accounting books

to make a research of porticular business. 8. Accounting refers to the braces of identifying, recording classifying, measuring, communicating, summarizing and interpreting the financial transactions. It is done to check the financial position, profitability of the business. There are many accounting policies which refers to rules, regulations used to make formancial statements. Accounting policies a helps to maintain books of records in a correct menner

	Many policies have been taken to sun
	The business operations smoothly and to
	ensure The position is in good rank, it is
	necessary to check the books of records.
9.	Format of Journal.
11	Date Particulars LE Debit Gredit
	1.03.19 Cash a/c Dec. 10000
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### CIRCULAR

Date: 21/10/21

BRIDGE COURSE for non-Commerce students will be held from 25<sup>th</sup> October to 29<sup>th</sup> oct 2021 between 2:00 pm to 3:00 pm. The list of students is as follows:

19 540 24.

Sl No:	Student Name	
1	T Charan	
2	Sahil Kumar	30 90.8
3	Roopashree	77
4	Kiran Km	
.5	Miheer Verma	
6	MD.Rehaan	0 , 0
7	Prajwal.V	
8	Manoj.R	7-3

JA AV

TC B

ande



# SINDHI COLLEGE 33/2B, KEMPAPURA HEBBAL BANGALORE-560024

# Department of commerece

**Bridege Course Time Table 2021-22 ODD SEMESTER** 

I B.com

25 Oct -30 Octh 21

25 Oct 50 Octo 21				
DAY	SUBJECT	TEACHER	TIMING	
MON	FA	RU	2.00-3.00	
TUE	FA	MT	2.00-3.00	
WED	FA	KT	2.00-3.00	
THR	FA	RU	2.00-3.00	
FRI	FA	MT	2.00-3.00	
SAT	FA	KT	2.00-3.00	
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# SCHEDULE FOR BRIDGE COURSE 2021-2025

Time Date	2:00 – 3:00	
22-10-2021	Pre-test	-
25-10-2021	LECTURE	
26-10-2021	LECTURE	
27-10-2021	Problem solving	
28-10-2021	Problem solving	
29-10-2021	REVISION	A10.000
01-11-2021	TEST	

# Sindhi college

# **Bridge Course Contents**

Class:B.Com

Subject: Accountancy

# Syllabus

# Fundamentals Of Accounting:

- Meaning and scope of accounting
- Basic terms in accounting
- Accounting concepts and Accounting Conventions
- Standards-concepts, Objectives, Benefits: Accounting Policies
- Documents and books of Accounts
- Debit and Credit Notes
- Day book, and Journal, Ledgers and Trail Balance

Head of the Department of Commerce Sindhi College No. 33/22 Method Kommenuse

No. 33/28, Hebbal, Kempapura Bengaluru - 560 024.

## Sindhi College

### Department of Commerce

### Bridge Course Classes 2021-22

Class: I Sem B.COM A,B & C

Subject: Accountancy

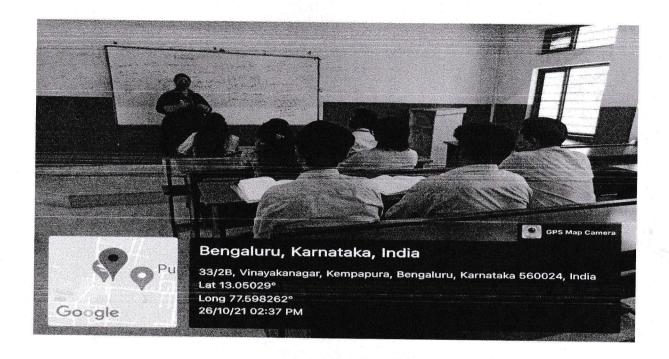
Each Class : 2 Hours

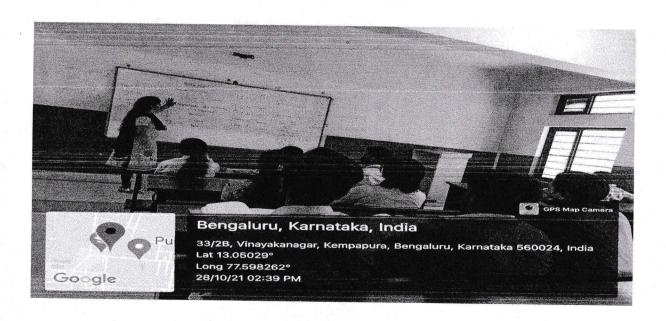
SL.No	Student Name	25/10/2	1 26	12/ 20/10/	Dates	121 29	10121 30/10/2
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HOD Sign Head of the Department of Commerce

Sindki College No. 33/28, Hebbal, Kempapura Bengaluru - 560 024.

#### Photograph:





Head of the Department of Commerce Sindhi College No. 33/2B, Hebbal, Kempapura Bengaluru - 560 024.

#### **SINDHI COLLEGE**

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

#### **BRIDGE COURSE PRE-TEST QUESTION PAPER NOV 2021-22**

Class: 1<sup>st</sup> B.com A, B & C

**Total Marks: 30** 

#### Section A

#### Answer all 5 questions:

(2x5=10)

- 1. Define Accounting
- 2. What is Debit?
- 3. Give the meaning of Ledger.
- 4. What is Money Measurement Concept?
- 5. Give the Meaning of Journal.

#### Answer any 4 of the following:

(5x4=20)

- 6. State the Advantages of accounting.
- 7. Explain the different accounting concepts
- 8. Write a note on accounting Policies.
- 9. Write the Format of Journal with 5 imaginary transactions.
- 10. Write a note on accounting standards.

#### Circular

Date: 09th August 2023.

Bridge course for non commerce students will be held from 12<sup>th</sup> August 2023 to 22<sup>nd</sup> August 2023 between 2:00pm to 3:00pm. The list of students is as follows.

SL. No	Student Name
01	Deekshith
02	M Pradeep
03	Abel Puthenpura saji
04	G Dharun
05	



#### Department of commerce

Bridge course Time Table 2022-2023

#### **ODD SEMRSTER**

I B.com

12<sup>th</sup> August 2023 – 22<sup>nd</sup> August 2023

DAY	Subject	Teacher	Timings
Monday	FA	NL	2:00pm – 3:00pm
Tuesday	FA	SK	2:00pm – 3:00pm
Wednesday	FA	NL	2:00pm - 3:00pm
Thursday	FA	SK	2:00pm - 3:00pm
Friday	FA	NL	2:00pm - 3:00pm
Monday	FA	SK	2:00pm - 3:00pm

#### Schedule for Bridge Courses 2023 – 2024

Timings: 2:00pm to 3:00pm

12 <sup>th</sup> August 2023	Pre- test
14 <sup>th</sup> August 2023	Lecture
15 <sup>th</sup> August 2023	Lecture
16 <sup>th</sup> August 2023	Lecture
17 <sup>th</sup> August 2023	Problem Solving
18 <sup>th</sup> August 2023	Problem Solving
21st August 2023	Problem Solving
22 <sup>nd</sup> August 2023	Test

#### Sindhi college

#### **Bridge Course Contents**

Class: B.Com
Subject: Accountancy

#### Syllabus

- Fundamentals Of Accounting:
- Meaning and scope of accounting
- Basic terms in accounting
- Accounting concepts and Accounting Conventions
- Standards-concepts, Objectives, Benefits: Accounting Policies
- Documents and books of Accounts
- Debit and Credit Notes
- Day book, and Journal, Ledgers and Trail Balance.

#### Sindhi College

#### Department of commerce Bridge Course Classes 2023-2024

Class: I sem B.com.

Subject: Financial Accounting

Duration: 1 hour.

Sl. No	Name	14/8	15/08	1618	17/08	18/8	21/08	1
01	Deekshith	1	2	3	4	5	6	
02	M Pradup	l	2	3	4	5	6	
03	Abel puthenpua	1	2	3	4	5	6	
04	G Dhaswa	1	2	3	4	5	6	
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Faculty Signature.

HOD



SINDUI COLLEGE

(Sponsors: Sindhi Seva Samiti)

Permanently Affiliated to Bengaluru Central University Recognised by UGC under 2(f) & 12(B)

NAAC Accredited ISO 9001:2015 Certified

33/2B, Kempapura, Hebbal, Bangalore - 560 024

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#### I / II Internal Examination

Date:	
Reg. No.: Sahit Kumar	
Sem. & Course: T Bcom A sec.	Sec.
Section: A strong of the poster and a strong of the section of the	9
Subject: Bridge Course Pre-test	
No. of Pages Used .	' S.

#### Instructions:

- 1. Rough work, if any, should be done in the answer scripts.
- 2. Copying, carrying books or manuscripts and any malpractice is strictly prohibited.
- 3. Nothing to be written on the Question Papers.
- 4. Do not waste Answer Scripts.
- 5. Answers must be Legibly written.

N

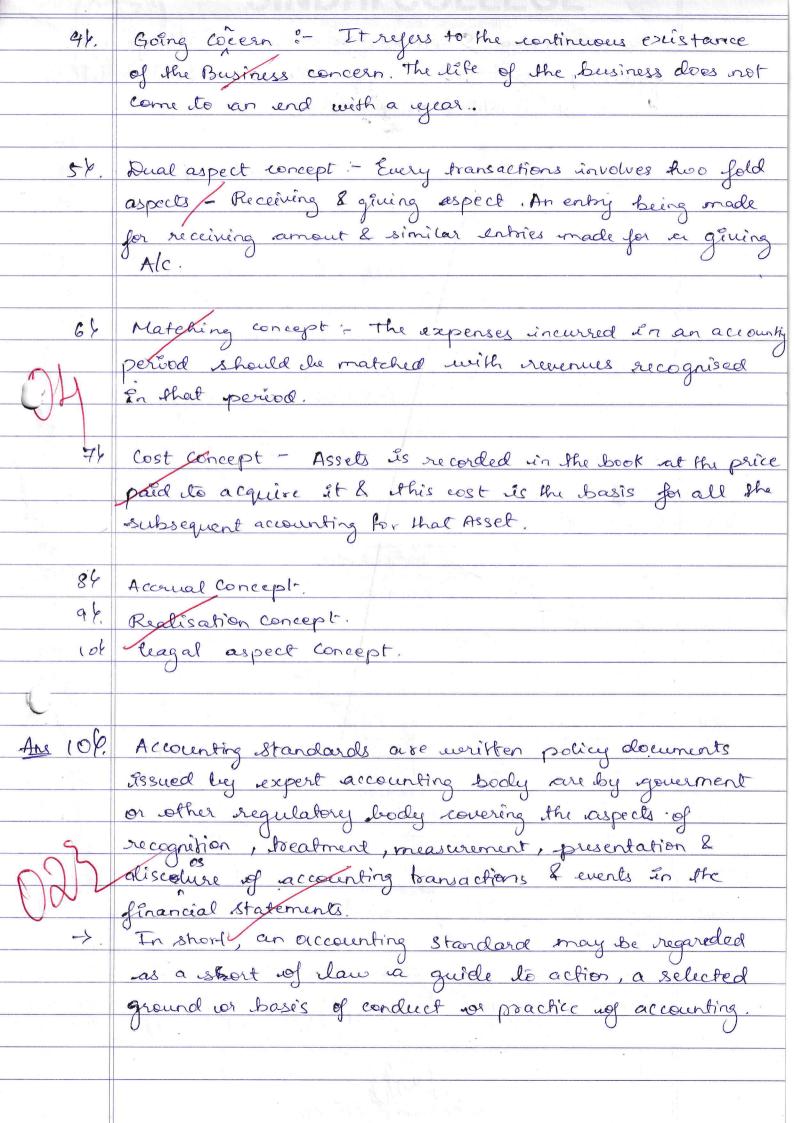
Signature of the Invigilator

### For the Use of Examiners only Marks Awarded

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Signature of the valuer with date

	Section, A
14.	According to American Institute of Certified Public
e .	Accountants, 66 Accounting is an art of recording, classifying
	and summarising in a significant manner & in terms of
	money transaction & events which are in part least, of a.
	financial character & interpreting the results thereof."
	And the second of the second
26.	A Debit is an accounting entry that viesults in either
	an increase in assets or a decrease in liabilities on a
9	companiés belance sheet.
	The state of the s
44.	Under this concept, only those transactions which can be
	expressed in terms of money are recorded in the books of
	accounts. Non-monetary transactions ilike efficiency, honesty
	et cannot be recorded.
	Section B.
74.	The different accounting noncepts are as follows:
· ·	
ı¥.	Business Entity Concept: It implies that a business is
	separate & distinct from the owner. According to this concept
	business is kept separate from the propritor so that the
A 12 - 2 - 1	transactions of the business is recorded separately.
21	
24.	Money Measurement Concept: - Only those toansaction which
4 - Sp	can be expressed in terms of money are recorded in the
	books of actornts
26	According Posing Concept: The Pile of the horizon to shall
3/.	Accounting Period Concept: The life of the business devided into suitable accounting period. This division is made to
	ascertain the male of last of the have
	ascertain the profit of loss of the business.



- 5	The accounting Standards are set in the form of
	general principles, the application of which is left
	general principles, the application of which is left to the professional judgents.
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# SINDHI COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY BRIDGE COURSE TIME TABLE 2022-23 ODD SEM

#### **COURSE: BA**

Date	Day	Time	Faculty
07-09-2022	Wednesday	10:15-11:15	Mr. Sandesh Zephaniah
08-09-2022	Thursday	8:15-9:15	Mr. Felix M
09-09-2022	Friday	1:00-2:00	Mr. Sandesh Zephaniah
10-09-2022	Saturday	1:00-2:00	Mr. Sandesh Zephaniah
12-09-2022	Monday	9:15-10:15	Mr. Felix M

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

Essentials of Psychology
Psychology as a career
Understanding the mind
Structure of Mind
Structure of personality

HEAD OF THE OBEARTMENT Dept. of Psychology, SINDHI COLLEGE #33/2B Kempapura, Hebbal,

Bengaluru - 560 024.

## SINDHI COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY (BA) BRIDGE COURSE ATTENDANCE 2022-2023

Sl. No	N. Carlotte	Name Rog No		A	TTENI	DANC	CE	
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1	Parinitha H	U18IP22A0001	1	2	3	لو	5	
2	S Sherlin	U18IP22A0002	1	2	3	4	5	
3	Sanobia Samran	U18IP22A0003	1	2	3	4	5	
4	Nandish Gowda B N	U18IP22A0004	t	2	3	4	5	
5	S Paul Joseph	U18IP22A0006	1	2	3	4	5	
6	Shravani	U18IP22A0007	1	2	3	4	5	
7	Harini Murugan Naidu	U18IP22A0008	١	2	3	4	5	
8	Deepak Narang	U18IP22A0009	l	2	3	4	5	
9	Tanisha Joshi N	U18IP22A0010	1	2	a	2	2	
10	Dipika Kumari	U18IP22A0011	١	2	3	4	ک	
11	Sumantika Rana	U18IP22A0013	1	2	3	4	5	
12	Nipun M Kumar	U18IP22A0015	1	ı	Ţ	ι	2	
13	Ramadevi Subhadra	U18IP22A0016	1	2	3	3	4	
14	Joshek Nagarchi	U18IP22A0017	1	1	2	3	4	
15	Rohan Tiwari	U18IP22A0018	١	2	2	3	4	

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HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT Dept. of Psychology, SINDHI COLLEGE #33/2B Kempapura, Hebbal, Bengaluru - 560 024.

## SINDHI COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF JOURNALISM BRIDGE COURSE TIME TABLE 2022-23

#### **COURSE: BA**

Date	Day	Time	Faculty
06-09-2022	Tuesday	1:00-2:00	MR. Koushik R
07-09-2022	Wednesday	12:00-1:00	Ms. Chaya S
08-09-2022	Thursday	9:15-10:15	MR. Koushik R
09-09-2022	Friday	9:15-10:15	Ms. Chaya S

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

Newspaper Industry in India Electronic Media Channels In India Digital Media Space Journalism as a career

HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT
Dept. of Journalism, SINDHI COLLEGE
#33/28 Kempapura, Hebbal,
Bengaluru = 560 024.

## SINDHI COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF JOURNALISM (BA) BRIDGE COURSE ATTENDANCE 2022-2023

Sl. No	Name	Reg No	ATTENDANCE					
			6/9	819	8/9	99		
1	Parinitha H	U18IP22A0001	r	2	2	3		
2	S Sherlin	U18IP22A0002	1	2	3	4		
3	Sanobia Samran	U18IP22A0003	1	2	3	4		
4	Nandish Gowda B N	U18IP22A0004	1	1	2	2		
5	S Paul Joseph	U18IP22A0006	1	2	3	4		
6	Shravani	U18IP22A0007	1	1	1	2		
7	Harini Murugan Naidu	U18IP22A0008	1	2	5	4		
8	Deepak Narang	U18IP22A0009	1.	2	3	4		
9	Tanisha Joshi N	U18IP22A0010		2	3	母		
10	Dipika Kumari	U18IP22A0011	1	2	3	3		
11	Sumantika Rana	U18IP22A0013	1	2	3	4		
12	Nipun M Kumar	U18IP22A0015	1	1	1	Ω		
13	Ramadevi Subhadra	U18IP22A0016		1	1	2		
14	Joshek Nagarchi	U18IP22A0017	h	2	3	4		
15	Rohan Tiwari	U18IP22A0018	1	2	3	A		



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Dept. of Journalism, SINDHI COLLEGE
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Bengaluru - 560 024.